Constitutional Convention

new document known later as the Constitution. worked for four months behind closed doors of the State House to draft a delegate because it was afraid of losing its rights as a state. The delegates held in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The state of Rhode Island would not send a Articles of Confederation. The ConstitutionalConvention of May 1787 was purpose of the Constitutional Convention was to amend, or change, the United States were not comfortable with the Articles of Confederation. The Only four years after the American Revolution, the citizens of the

of the delegates held at least one public office. This group is sometimes every proceeding. Madison also took detailed notes of everything said. Al elected President of the Convention. Same men were landowners, some patriotic, and experienced men. They ranged in ages of forty to eighty called the "Founding Fathers." They were no women present. were lawyers or judges. James Madison was the only delegate to attend Jonathon Dayton was the youngest at twenty-six. George Washington was thirteen colonies met to begin writing the Constitution of the United States. years old. Benjamin Franklin was the oldest delegate at eighty-one years old These delegates were selected by their states. They were educated In Philadelphia, more than fifty delegates from twelve of the original

states with larger populations satisfied representative for each thirty thousand individuals in a state. The made with smaller populations. The House of Representatives would include one representatives from each state. This agreement would satisfy the states Representatives. The Senate would have an equal number of would have two parts. The two parts would be the Senate and the House of Compromise. This was an agreement between the states that the legislature A highlight from the Constitutional Convention was the Great

debate as to if or how much slaves would be counted in representation was Slavery was an important issue at the Constitutional Convention. The

important because it was created "of the people, for the people, by the Bill of Rights at this time. The Constitution, as it was written, would be confederation of thirteen states. The new Constitution would be created by people." The finaldraft was signed at the Convention on September 17, 1787. "We, the people of the United States." The Constitution would not contain a The agreement was that the country would move from a loose

> I. Which would could mean the same as amend?

- a. change b. **lig**ht
- c. blue
- d. state
- 2. Which delegate attended each meeting at the Constitutional Convention?
- a. Jonathon Dayton
- b. Benjamin Franklin
- c. George Washingtond. James Madison
- 3. How many women were present at the Constitutional Convention?
- a. Thirteer
- b. Twelve
- c. Zero
- d. Fifteen
- What was the author trying to do in writing this passage?
- a. Entertain the reader by telling of stories about the Convention
- b. Entertain the reader by making jokes about James Madison
- c. Persuade readers that the Constitution Convention lasted too long
- d. Inform the reader about the Constitutional Convention
- 5. What was the position of George Washington as listed in the
- a. President of the United States

passage?

- b. President of the Constitutional Convention
- c. delegate
- d note taker

signing the Constitution. They wanted to include the Bill of Rights first. freedoms. They limit the government's power. Many were against is another name for the first ten amendments of the United States Constitution. The Bill of Rights guarantees a number of personal the United States has the protection of these rights. The Bill of Rights The Bill of Rights is increditify important. Every person living in

States Constitution to the First Continental Congress. They were adopted by the House of Representatives in August of 1789. James Madson introduced the first ten amendments to the United

provided by a judge permitting search of property, to search a sense. Government agencies have to obtain a warrant, a document Four guarantees the freedom from searches. Searches have to make carry guns to hunt. It also allows people to defend themselves. The guarantees the right to bear arms by citizens. It allows people to allows people to meet peacefully in groups. The Second Amendment of religion. It also gives citizens the right to free speech. It also amendments to it. The Tenth Amendment means that anything the convicted, or proven guilty, of a crime. The Ninth Amendment means lawyer. The Seventh Amendment guarantees someone that if they question. They can refuse. They can refuse if it will get them into same crime cannot be tried twice. A person can refuse to answer a person's possessions. The Fifth Amendment means states that the home. They have to have their permission given first. Amendment their powers if they wish to do so Constitution does not mention can be considered by states as part of that someone will not get cruel and unusual punishment if they are of people who hear the case. The Eighth Amendment guarantees have committed a crime, they can have a trial that has a jury, a group are arrested, you have the right to have representation, which is a trouble. The Sixth Amendment states that if you commit a crime and Third Amendment guarantees that no soldter can room in a person's that nothing written in the Constitution can be used to cancel The First Amendment gives citizens in the United States freedom

I. Which amendment states that the same arime cannot be twice:

- a. First
- b. Fourth
- C. FIFTH
- d. Tenth
- 2. Which amendment states no soldier can room in a house without permission?
- a. First
- b. Third
- c. Fifth d. Tenth
- 3. Which amendment gives freedom of religion?
- a. First
- b. Fourth
- c. Fifth
- d. Tenth
- What was the author trying to do in writing this passage?
- a. Entertain the reader by telling of stories about James Madison
- b. Entertain the reader by making jokes about affizens' rights.
- c. Persuade readers that ditizens do not need rights.
- d. Inform the reader about the Bill of Rights.
- 5. Which amendment guarantees the right to bear arms to ditizens?
- a. Second
- b. Fourth
- C. FIFTH
- d. Tenth

The War of 1812

at war with one another, and presidents: John Adams and regarding other countries. France and England were often In the beginning of the United States, it faced many Presidents had to make difficult decisions The country had a difficult time with other

ended up not accomplishing much. April of 1813 brought attacking American ships at sea. The War of 1812 was a war disagreements over shipping and trade. British ships decided how much influence the United States would have in France. enough soldiers to the war in America and the war against attack. Dolley Madison, the First Lady, is credited in saving a Washington D.C., which was the capital of the United States. events, and patriotic holidays. The British would attack bombs on Fort McHenry in Baltimore. Francis Scott Key and gained momentum. September 1814 brought British won by the Americans. American soldiers burned the city American troops to Toronto in the Battle of York, which was countries. The war lasted for two and a half years. It designed to end all major conflicts between the two independence from England, but British ships were still honored the Treaty of Paris, which recognizes American of the main causes of the war were because of conflicts. Neutral means to not choose sides in a war. Some Thomas Jefferson had difficulty staying neutral in the valuable portrait of the first president, George Washington. is now the national anthem sang at schools, major sporting wrote a song titled "The Star Spangled Banner." This song The White House and the Capitol building were burned in this The war The British finally believed that they could not dedicate The Treaty of Ghent officially ended the war, and

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- a. neutral
- b. difficult
- c. easy
- d A lot of
- 2. Where did the Battle of York take place?
- a. Baltimore
- b. Toronto
- c. Washington D.C. d. France
- 3. Who wrote "The Star Spangled Banner."
- a. Dolley Madisonb. Thomas Jefferson
- c. Francis Scott Key
- d. George Washington
- 上 What was the author trying to do in writing this passage?
- a. Entertain the reader by telling of stories about the Treaty of Ghent b. Entertain the reader by making jokes about France.
- c. Persuade readers that the war lasted too long
- d. Inform the reader about the War of 1812.
- 5. What was the position of Doly Madson as listed in the passage?
- a. singer
- b. FirstLady
- c. president
- d. soldier

Declaration of Independence

a protest letter to Great Britain. Tensions increased. The first shots leaders met 1774 in Philadelphia at the Continental Congress. They sent statement of an idea. Independence is freedom from rule. Colonial called the Declaration of Independence. A declaration is a public of the American Revolution were fired in April 1775 at Lexington and The United States of America was formed from a document

from the British. The leader of this group was Thomas Jefferson. He Declaration. He had help from John Adams and Benjamin Franklin. He was a lawyer from Virginia. Jefferson was the main writer of the recognize this day as Independence Day. the fourth of July in 1776. Citizens of the United States of America also had help from Robert Livingston and Roger Sherman. The Continental Congress. They would draft a statement. It would declare Continental Congress approved the Declaration of Independence or ndependence of the thirteen colonies. They wanted independence committee had some debate over the exact wording of the text. The The members appointed a committee of five at the Second

because of the citizens. government. He mentioned that the government only has power were entitled to rights that can never be given up or taken away. He believed in "life, liberty, and happiness," which means that everyone colonists were doing what they were doing. Thomas Jefferson Jefferson also added that people should make the laws of their nas the right to live, be free, and lead a life that makes them happy. pointed out that all men were created equal. He stated that colonists The first part of the Declaration told the British why the

the rule of an unfair person or people. for trying to rule with tyranny. Tyranny means that citizens are under unfair actions of King George III. Colonists blamed King George IIII The second part of the Declaration made a list of all of the

to be a self-governing people. They wanted to become independent the government of England. It stated that the colonists now wanted that the colonists had tried peaceful ways to bring their complaints to from England. The last part of the Declaration of Independence explained

> Which document aid colonists use to declare independence from England

- a. Articles of Confederation
- b. Declaration of Independence
- c. American Revolution
- d. Second Continental Congress
- When were the first shots fired in the American Revolution?
- a. 1774

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- b. 775
- c. 1776
- d. 1773

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- Declaration of Independence? How many were appointed to the committee to write the
- a. four
- b. one
- c. five
- Ω <u>ა</u>
- ᅩ What was the author trying to do in writing this passage?
- a. Entertain the reader by telling of stories about Thomas Jefferson.
- b. Inform the reader about the Declaration of Independence.
- c. Entertain the reader by making jokes about King George III. d. Persuade readers that the limitary other. Persuade readers that the United States is the best country
- ហ Which definition matches the definition of tyranny?
- A public statement of an idea
- b. Freedom from rule
- "Life, liberty, and happiness"
- Citizens are under the rule of an unfair person/people

French & Indian War

The French and Indian War was a conflict between England and France over territory in North America. The war lasted from 1754 to 1763. American Indians fought on both sides of the war.

England and France had colonies in North America years ago in the 1750s. England wanted to settle (live) in the Ohio River Valley. They also wanted to trade with the Native Americans who lived there. The French ald not like this. Both countries had claimed the same land. The French had warned England. France wanted England to stop trading with the Indians on their land Not many French lived in North America. There were fewer than one hundred thousand French living in North America at the time. The French profested trade with forts. Trade with the Indians brought goads and money. The governor of Virginia sent the military to move the French out of Western Pennsylvania in 1754. The Governor sent George Washington to lead an army against the French. He was defeated England and France began sending supplies and solders to North America.

England declared war on France. The French and Indian War was a war for control of the valley. Most American Indians in the region were friends of the French. The French treated them with respect. The American Indians liked the French because treated them as trading partners and not enemies.

A congress of the British colonies met in New York in 1754. A public (eader named Berjamin Franklin thought the colonies should work together to defeat France. He tried to persuade the public. He thought that each colony would still have its own government. They would diso create one government together to decide important issues. The colonists did not like his idea. They did not want to join together with one government.

England sent more soldiers to North Armerica in 1757. By England sending more soldiers, this helped defeat the French in Canada. The British would capture Quebec, a major city in Canada, and then Montreal. In 1763, Britain and France ended the war and signed the Treaty of Paris. France would then give England the control of Canada and most of the land east of the Mississippi River.

To avoid more conflict with American Indians, England issued the Proolanation of 1763. It officially recognized Indians' right to the land. It ensured that colonists could not settle (or live) in any place west of the Appalachian Mountains. Upon learning about this, the colonists were now furious. Colonists wanted to settle on the land.

To pay for the French and Indian War, England forced colonists to pay taxes to pay off its war debt. The colonists did not have any representation in England's government. They did not like this. They became so enraged that they started a revolution known as the American Revolution. This war eventually gave colonists their independence from England.

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I. Which country did NOT have a part in the French and Indian War?

- a. Russia
- b. France
- c. England
- d. all of them did
- 2. What was the name of the person sent by the Governor of Virginia?
- George Washington
- b. John Adams
- c. King George III
- d. Ponce de Leon
- 3. Which is one of the reasons that the British were able to defeat the French?
- a. They received more supplies.
- b. They were sent more soldier to help fight.
- c. The Native Americans got angry
- d. Géorge Washington gave up
- . What was the author trying to do in writing this passage?
- a. Entertain the reader by telling of stories about French soldier
- b. Entertain the reader by making jokes about the British
- c. Persuade readers that French people fought the Indians
- d. Inform the reader about the French and Indian War
- Why were colonists mad that they had to pay taxes to England?

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- a. They didn't agree with the war
- b. They had no say in England's government.
- c. They did not like the French
- d. The Indians were stealing their money